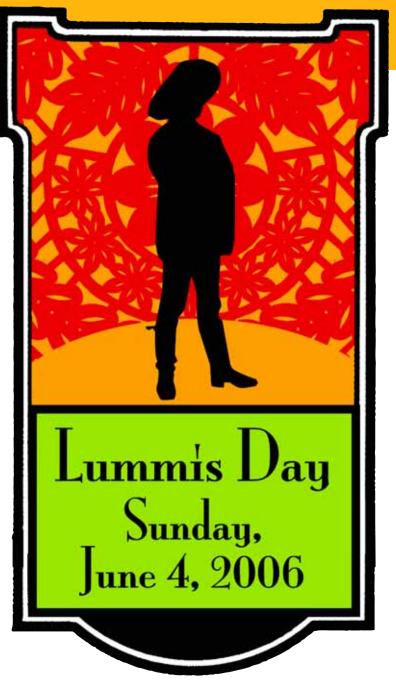
## The Festival of Northeast Los Angeles

Celebrate
the Spirit,
Culture and
History of
Los Angeles
with Music,
Poetry,
Dance, Art
and Food



Celebre el
Espíritu,
Cultura y
Historia de
Los Angeles
con Música,
Poesía,
Danza, Arte
y Comida

See pages 5-8 for Lummis Day's Schedule of Events













## Welcome to Lummis Day The Festival of Northeast Los Angeles

Sunday, June 4, 2006

A celebration of the spirit, diverse culture and history of the neighborhoods of Northeast Los Angeles.

In a city obsessed with myth-making but starved of its own history, the neighborhoods of Northeast Los Angeles, which emerged as Southern California's first "art colony" in the 1890's, continue to play a vital role in L.A.'s cultural life and historical tradition. Nourished by our City's multicultural population, the creative spirit of Northeast Los Angeles remains vital in its music and dance, its art and its cuisine.

Northeast L.A.'s cultural resources are unmatched in Southern California. The Southwest Museum of the American Indian, the city's oldest museum, towers above the Arroyo. Some of Los Angeles' architectural treasures, saved from the wrecking ball, are now located a few blocks away, collected at Heritage Square Museum. Also nearby are some of its most historically significant landmarks: Lummis Home and Casa De Adobe. The community is home to the 200 acre Debs Park, the Audubon Center educational facility, the River Center of Cypress Park, Sycamore Grove Park and the sprawling campus of Occidental College.

Lummis Day, named for author, adventurer and early advocate of multiculturalism, Charles Fletcher Lummis, was created to serve as a precedent for future cooperative efforts among the community groups of Northeast Los Angeles by strengthening ties among the cultural, commercial and community resources that have come together today.

—ELIOT SEKULER





## Congratulations

on the City of Los Angeles' first

## **Lummis Day:**

The Festival of Northeast Los Angeles event.

The staff of Council District One is proud to be part of this celebration of the City's rich culture and history.

Sincerely,

ED P. REYES

Los Angeles City Councilmember, First District



## COUNCILMEMBER JOSE HUIZAR

**CONGRATULATES** 



THE LUMMIS DAY ORGANIZING COMMITTEE

FOR

PRODUCING A WONDERFUL CELEBRATION
OF THE ARTS, CULTURE AND HISTORY OF
NORTHEAST LOS ANGELES

Lummis Day, June 4, 2006

## Charles Fletcher Lummis

#### Why We Will Never See The Movie

by Suzanne Lummis

ome years back I got word that a couple of women had acquired the screenplay rights to one published account of Lummis' life—I thought "well, good for them but . . . we'll see." Any writer who tries to manage that multi-storied life into a shapely two-hour, three-act narrative will likely get a lively bucking ride all the way down the line.

A great bio pic might be made about an Englishman who leads his Arab forces against the Turks in WW I. He takes the port of Aqaba without firing a shot. He dresses in flowing Arabian robes. And there might be a good solid movie in the story of an American country boy with a guitar who rises from pork-and-beans poverty to iconic stardom. He always wears black.

But how do you focus the story of a New England born, Methodist raised, Harvard flunk out who, at age 26, in 1884–85 walks from Chillicothe, Ohio across the not-quite-settled country—experiencing dangers, physical agonies and life shaking revelations along the way—all this to pick up the job of first city editor of a new little paper called the Los Angeles Times?

All right, that episode has cinematic possibilities, but it's merely the prelude to Lummis' undertakings. Having arrived in California utterly changed, and forever after disdainful of provincial Easterners who'd never rousted themselves to discover America, he embarks upon a multi-layered campaign of political and social activism and general confounded

cantankerousness: founding the Landmarks Club in 1894 for the preservation of the crumbling Spanish missions and the Sequoia League in 1902 (where his old Harvard buddy, Teddy Roosevelt, came in handy) for better treatment of the reservation Indians and serving up verbal volleys from *The Lion's Den* (the editorial column of his magazine *Land of Sunshine* (later *Out West*) for less U.S. governmental intervention overseas and more and better firsthand knowledge—on the part of all Americans citizens—of their own country, especially the Southwest.

Obviously, much of this wouldn't translate cinematical-

ly, particularly those parts where Lummis' most deadly weapon is his pen. A pen doesn't go bang and produce smoke—wouldn't draw in that coveted 17–26 crowd.

Meanwhile, his books establish him as one of the country's foremost defenders of and experts on the region, Tramp Across the Continent, Some Strange Corners of Our Country, The Land of Poco Tiempo. Collections such as The Man Who Married the Moon and Other Pueblo Indian Folk-Stories and Spanish Songs of Old California capture songs and stories from what may be the last generation able to remember them.

Later, in his fifties, aiming to preserve Native American arts and culture and educate the public, he founds

> and helps design Los Angeles' first museum. The Southwest Museum opens on August 1, 1914. Then he falls out with the board over his ambitious and possibly untenable expansion plans. The board fires him.

No doubt this episode involved high emotions, but it can hardly compare to a camel charge into Aqaba. Now *that* was a great movie.

And what of the costuming, his look? It's inconsistent! The young man's Harvard photo shows him in a suit and neck-gripping collar. In his trek across the continent he wears—or at least picks up along the way—boots, deerskin breeches and a serape to sling over his shoulder. After he's arrived in the West and becomes enamored of the Spanish way of life—a lifelong, deeply held affec-

tion—he sports a white shirt and dark vest suggestive of early California Hacienda culture. In 1887, as *Times* correspondent, he covers Geronimo's revolt. He steps into authentic Apache dress—head sash, turquoise and silver, and fringed breeches. Finally he settles on the signature outfit he'll stick to for the rest of his days: a thick green corduroy suit and red Spanish sash.

Students of the era may notice respects in which Lummis' behavior and views seemed to forecast the attitudes and characteristics that will come to be associated with the West, and California in particular, and Southern California



Sunday, June 4, 2006

even more particularly. Some feel the denizens of this region can show a stubborn, even idiosyncratic, sense of individuality. And now we hear of people "reinventing themselves." But the knowing screenplay writer won't present this character as engaging in a frivolous game of dress up. Lummis discards the trappings of his New England identity, then slowly, consciously, constructs a new self, one that fits comfortably, and that reflects all he's encountered without copying exactly any one person or one people.

The most famous photo—the basis of the Lummis Day logo—was taken, pre-green corduroy suit, in 1889. Here he wears a pistol at his waist and a broad brimmed Spanish style hat. He rolls a cigarette with one hand, his right; the other arm hangs at his side. It's not easy to roll a cigarette with one hand, but Lummis has taught himself the trick. He's had to. He'd woken one morning—back when he'd been working impossibly long hours for the *Times* and sleeping just four in every twenty-four—paralyzed on the left side.

Now this section might make actually make for an O.K. movie, of the inspirational variety. Lummis moves to New Mexico determined to battle his way back to health, an ultimately successful endeavor that will produce another book. (My Friend Will—will as in will power—must be among the first modern self-help books.) He forces himself to undertake strenuous physical tasks and challenges, dropping from exhaustion then rising and resuming the effort.

Keith Lummis' biography, *Charles F. Lummis: The Man and His West*, notes the impression he made on the locals: "Chilicotheans used to say, 'There's only one Charlie Lummis.' Now New Mexicans began to say it." (Chap. 9, p.39.)

The Los Angeles Times drops him from the payroll in about three months—no workers' comp in those days. He moves to the Indian village of Isleta (Shee-eh-wheeb-bak to its inhabitants) and continues his struggle to recover. Over forty years later a grandson of an Isleta inhabitant will recall a story that the partially paralyzed white man—whom they called Por Todos because he often had tobacco for everyone—would join in races with the youngest, strongest men. Always he finished last. And yet, sometimes, he'd fall down laughing at the end, happy just to have come over the finish line.

In Isleta, Lummis witnesses the U.S. Indian Agency's abduction of children and their forced induction into schools that would erase their cultural memory, their language, and separate them physically and emotionally from their parents—an outrage that fuels his long campaign against such practices. Lummis institutes legal procedures by procuring a lawyer and a writ of *habeas corpus* and starts a drive to influence public

opinion. Papers everywhere get peppered with his columns and letters which rally sympathizers. Finally, Lummis and a group of other Isletans ride to the local school and bring home forty children.

Now that at least has the ring of a little round story, with a happy end to boot. However, it omits many of the most important aspects of the life, including the important failures.

After Lummis divorces his wife Dorothy, a brilliant physician who'd shown him much devotion but could not bear his infidelities and temperament, he marries Eve Douglas in 1891. Eve, also arrived from the East, quickly becomes an expert horse rider and good mark with a pistol. Like Lummis, she speaks excellent Spanish. Unlike him she learns the Indian dialect as well. With only an eighth grade education, Eve teaches Indian school—presumably a school where the children don't have to forget their Native tongue.

Charles and Eve have four children, Turbese, Amado, who dies at age six, Jordan, and in 1904, Keith. Keith inherits the Lummis adventure gene, and survives all his adventures to live to age 96.

A screenplay might revolve around the women in Charles Lummis' life, but it's likely to read like a soap opera. Curious, though, that Lummis wanted a happy family as much as he ever wanted anything. He built the stone and adobe house, *El Alisal*, that stands over there by the Avenue 43 exit off the 110—for his family. However, a happy marriage would not go on record as one of his achieved dreams.

Also unable to bear Charles' infidelities and temperament, Eve leaves in 1909 taking Turbese and Keith. She spends time at the home of her friend, Phoebe Apperson Hearst, then starts divorce proceedings.

All this, and still—how can this movie find time for, or do justice to—the famous art and literary salons, "noises" he called them, that Lummis throws at *El Alisal*? Why, the greatest artists, writers, singers, actors and naturalists in the West attend these robust celebrations—Frederick Remington, Douglas Fairbanks, Will Rodgers, John Muir, Mary Austin . . . But that's another movie.

In one area at least, a screenwriter or producer would have no trouble—finding an actor who'd agree to take the role. On November 25, 1928, when the old man was deathly sick and fading, Keith passed his door and heard him cry out. What actor wouldn't want to play a man whose last words were these? "Make Way! A Lummis in the field, meeting all comers!"

And he'd lived the life to prove he's not just bragging.

## Schedule of Events • Sunday, June 4

**10–11:30** AM Lummis Home, **200** E. Avenue **43** ★ Poetry Readings • Poesías

Welcoming Remarks: Eva Georgia, general manager, KPFK

Poets: Suzanne Lummis, B.H. Fairchild, Kate Gale, William Archila

11:30 AM Trek to Sycamore Grove Park

SUZANNE LUMMIS' poems appear in the anthologies California Poetry from the Gold Rush to the Present (Heyday Books), Poems of the



American West (Knoph), Poetry Daily (Sourcebooks), Place as Purpose: Poetry of the Western States (Autry/Sun & Moon), and in major literary publications in the U.S. and U.K. Her most recent book, In Danger, was part of the California Poetry Series (Roundhouse Press). She teaches several levels of poetry through the UCLA Extension, and this fall will teach "L.A. Stories" for Emerson University's film studies program in Burbank. She edits an on-line literary magazine: speechlessthemagazine.org.



**B. H. FAIRCHILD** grew up in small towns in Texas, Oklahoma, and southwest Kansas. He is the author of *The Arrival of the Future, Local Knowledge,* and *The Art of the Lathe,* a finalist for the National Book Award and winner of the Kingsley Tufts Award, the William Carlos Williams Award, the California Book Award,

the PEN Center West Poetry Award, and an award from the Texas Institute of Letters. He is the recipient of Guggenheim, Rockefeller/Bellagio, NEA Fellowships, and recently received the Arthur Rense Poetry Award from the American Academy of Arts and Letters. He lives in California.



KATE GALE received her PhD. in English Literature at Claremont Graduate University. She is the author of six books and the editor of two anthologies. Her four collections of poetry are: Blue Air, Where Crows and Men Collide, Selling the Hammock, Fishers of Men, and her most recent, Mating Season. Her novel is Lake of Fire, and she also has a bilingual chil-

dren's book, *African Sleeping Beauty*. Two anthologies she coedited, *Anyone is Possible* and *Blue Cathedral* have been widely adopted for classroom use. Ms. Gale's poems and short stories have been published in literary magazines including *Arshile*, *Portland Review*, and the *Connecticut Review* and she has read at venues ranging from universities such as California State University Northridge, Claremont Graduate University, and Portland State University, to bookstores such as Cody's in Berkeley and Book Soup in Los Angeles. She is the managing editor of Red Hen Press and first place winner of the 1998 Allen Ginsberg Poetry Award. Her current project is *Rio de Sangre*, the libretto for an opera by Don Davis.

WILIAM ARCHILA earned his MFA in poetry from the University of Oregon, where he was given the Fighting Fund Fellow Award. He is a 1999 PEN Center USA West Emerging Voices fellow and a contributor



hoto: L. Bedek

to *Poetry in the Windows II and III*, a project of the Arroyo Arts Collective. He has received an honorable mention from the Los Angeles Poetry Festival Contest. One of his poems was chosen for the "Common Prayers" postcard project by Writers at Work. Last year, he was awarded the Alan Collins Scholarship at the Bread Loaf Writers' Conference. Recently, his manuscript was a finalist for the Andrés Montoya Poetry Prize. His poems have appeared in the *Georgia Review, AGNI, North American Review, Poetry international, Crab Orchard Review* and *Obsidian III*, among others.

## Schedule of Events • Sunday, June 4

Noon-4 PM:	Sycamore Grove Park, 4700 N. Figueroa Street ★ Entertainment, Food, Art, Community
12:15	Tongva-Gabrielino Native American Dancers
12:30	Emcee: Tanya Torres Mayahual
	Remarks: Ed Reyes, L.A. City Councilperson, District 1
12:40	Juan-Carlos Formell
1:20	Danza Azteca Cuahtlehuanitl
1:40	Quinto Sol
2:25	St. Ignatius Filipino Folk Dancers
2:45	Severin Browne
3:30	Rondalla Group



Founded in the spring of 1995, the **Tongva Dancers** perform under the auspices of the Gabrielino Tongva Tribal Council. Dancers of all ages make up the dance company—from elders to children. The company's handmade regalia, the songs, dances and music are all created from an extensive ongoing research program into Tongva history and culture.

#### DANZA AZTEC CUAHTLEHUANITL

Directed by Choka Mixcoatl and Olivia Biera, presenting the ancient culture of Mexico through music and dances that have been preserved and passed down from generation to generation. As a form of entertainment and education,

Cuahtlehuanitl shares a form of "danza esplendor" outside of, yet always honoring traditional ceremony, and celebrating the beauty and vivrance of pre-Columbian culture. This energetic team has been seen at Historic Olvera Street in Los Angeles, Ports O' Call in San Pedro and various schools, pow wows, fiestas and festivals in the United States.



Expect the unexpected from Cuban music rebel JUAN-CARLOS FORMELL, whose visionary songs have been hailed as "the magical realism of music." Born in Havana in 1964, Juan-Carlos is a fourth generation musician. But the restrictions of the government-controlled music industry in his homeland didn't permit the singer/songwriter/guitarist and



bassist to express his new ideas, so in 1993 he fled to the United States to make his own music, his way. He established himself in New York, where he recorded his debut CD in 1999 (the Grammy-nominated songs from a little blue house), which was followed in 2001 by the critically acclaimed las calles del paraiso. After several years of touring with his band and some major concerts—with Buena Vista Social Club veteran Eliades Ochoa and world music stars Cesaria Evora. Susana Baca and Milton Nascimento—Juan-Carlos decided to take on the challenge of a solo guitar project. The result was his recent release, cemeteries & desire, which was inspired by a sojourn in New Orleans. Recorded there in May 2005, the album features powerful original ballads—songs now haunted by the hurricane's devastation of that city. His next project, son radical, is an examination of the Black identity in Latino history and was recorded in Los Angeles with the great Cuban drummer Jimmy Branly. It is scheduled for release on Narada Records in August 2006.



The music of **Quinto Sol**, or Fifth Sun, is contagious, inspiring and poignant. It's deeply rooted in community and roots music from the Americas to the Caribbean and Africa. Having emerged from the artist/activist community of East Los Angeles in 1994, Quinto Sol is roots-reggae at its core, woven seamlessly with Latin rhythms like cumbia, rumba and son. Quinto Sol is a collective of musicians inspired to use music as a tool for awareness of socio-political and economic issues facing their community; they do this by translating their own urban realities in every day life and the struggles of indigenous communities in the world, through conscious lyrics and powerful live performances.



**SEVERIN BROWNE** was raised in a Highland Park musical family in which all the children were expected to play an instrument. He began with accordion, then moved to drums and saxophone before settling on guitar at the ripe old age of ten. His older brother, singer/songwriter Jackson Browne, started out as first chair cornet in the elementary school band, where Severin soon



joined him playing the drums.

At the tender age of 21, Severin signed on with Motown Records as a staff writer and later as a recording artist. He recorded two well-received albums for the Motown label. Severin's third album, *From the Edge of the World*, was released in 1996 following a 20-year vacation from the recording scene. It was followed more recently by *This Twisted Road*.

With a title song written about healing in the wake of the Oklahoma City bombing, a rocking tribute to billboard queen Angelyne and personal songs about choices and discovery, *This Twisted Road* ranges from folk, rock and countryrock to acoustic pop with jazz roots. The album—along with Severin's most current work—reveals an artist with wit, maturity and something to say, an important figure in the California singer-songwriter tradition.

## Participating Artists and Galleries

**Art Studio C** www.artstudioc.com

ArtStorm

Avenue 50 Studio www.avenue50studio.com

Blue Chips www.bluechipshlp.com

**Cactus Gallery** 

Carlotta's Passion www.carlottaspassion.com

IMIX Bookstore www.imixbooks.com

The Judson Gallery of Contemporary and Traditional Art www.judsonstudios.com

**Rock Rose Gallery** 

The Space Ark Gallery

**Toros Pottery** www.torospottery.com

**Fabian Wagmister** 

## Participating Restaurants

Alejandro's

**Antigua Cultural Coffee House** 

www.antiguacoffeehouse.com

El Huarache Azteca

Fosselman's Ice Cream www.fosselmans.com

Galco's www.sodepopstop.com

Italiano's Pizza

La Morenita

Mom's Tamales www.momstamales.com



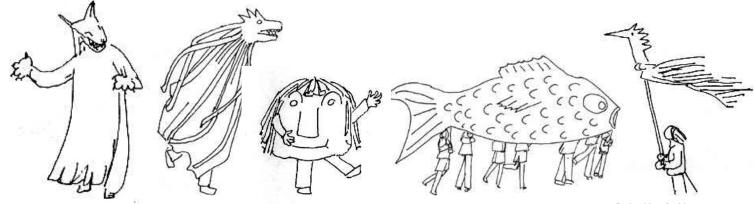
Our Voice to the City Nuestra voz a la ciudad

Glassell Park Neighborhood Council meets the second Monday of each month at 7PM.

Our meetings are held at the Glassell Park Community & Senior Center located at 3750 Verdugo Road, Los Angeles, CA 90065.

For more information, visit our website www.GParkNC.com

 $L_{ummis}$   $D_{ay}$ 



Design ideas for big puppets.

The Arroyo Arts Collective held three community puppet workshops in May. Kelli Keenan and Yim Tam of the Franklin Transportation Academy saved the day at the last minute by providing a great venue, after we lost our original space. Jennifer Murphy organized the series. Participants of all ages joined in the fun each week. On the first Saturday Don Newton, local artist, poet, and student of Tongva history shared his book and told the story of Toypurina. The group then broke into small groups, each one designing a puppet head collaboratively. On the second Saturday, working in teams, we got several coats of newspaper and paste on the large masks. On the last Saturday we will be painting them and making flags for the procession.

The puppet designs incorporate grandfather bear, local wildflowers, celestial bodies, a mighty oak tree, Chumash rock painting glyphs, fish snails and other fauna. The three new puppets will march in the Lummis Day procession with two other local puppet celebrities, the Spirit of the Arroyo (AKA Big Roy) whom you might remember from the ArroyoFest, and Slippery the Streamspirit Dragon, from the Northeast Trees StreamSpirit Rising project.

Big thanks to everyone who participated in this community art project. If you love puppets too, look for the Arroyo Art Collective's Puppet Festival coming next spring.



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# The Historic Highland Park Neighborhood Council is proud to be a sponsor of

## **Lummis Day**The Festival of Northeast Los Angeles June 4, 2006

Sunday, June 4, 2006

## Charles Fletcher Lummis

l señor Lummis nació en la ciudad de Lynn en el estado de Massachusetts el primero de marzo del año 1859, un año antes de que empezaró la guerra entre Los Estados—que se concoce también por el nombre Guerra Civil. El padre de Charles Lummis fue ministro metodista y le enseñó latin, griego y hebreo. Además le enseño la importancia de trabajar y estudiar. A la edad de diez años Charles ya podía leer tres idiomas.

Charles Lummis asistió a la universidad de Harvard en donde fue estudiante sobresaliente. Además, usando una máquina a mano como prensa, regalado por su abuelo, publicó un libro de poesía hecho con hojas de corteza de arbol, el cual vendió a sus amigos. Uno de sus compañeros, Teodoro Roosevelt, el cual sería presidente de los Estados Unidos a principio del siglo 20, compró uno de esos libros.

En el tercer año de sus estudios Lummis dejó de estudiar y se fue a Chillicothe, Ohio, con el proposito de ayudar a su suegro con su finca. Después de poco Lummis decidió que tenía más interes en escribir y ser periodista y menos en el cultivo, y empezo a publicar un periódico pequeño en Ohio. Pero después de poco en el año 1885 decidió que eso también encontraba aburrido. Decidió viajar al suroeste de los Estados Unidos y a California. Pero como era hombre un poco raro, decidió ir solo y decidió hacer el viaje a pie desde Ohio hasta California.

El siguió el camino del ferrocarril transcontinental al oeste. Paso una epoca en el suroeste y llegó en Los Angeles el primero de febrero, 1885. En el camino confrentó nieve, el calor del desierto y perros feroces. Se rompió el brazo en una de sus aventuras. Pero, era un hombre a quien le gustaba lo nuevo, lo raro, lo aventurado.

Durante su viaje empeza desarrollar una apreciación por la belleza físico, del suroeste y por sus culturas nativo. En el camino escribió articulos sobre sus experiencias lo cual mandó a su amigo, General Harrison Gray Otis para publicar en su recién nacido periódico de cuatro paginas, el *Los Angeles Times*. Unos de los articulos contó de la celebración de Día de los Muertos en Nuevo Mexico. Al llegar, General Otis le empleó a ser el primero editor del cuidad por el *Times*. Estos

articulos al fin fueron compilado al libro mejor conocido de Lummis, A Tramp Across the Continent.

Una distancia de 3507 millas a pie, desde Ohio hasta el sitio de la casa y jardin Lummis que tambien se conoce por el nombre El Alisal, el lugar de los sicómoros o alisos. En aquella epoca esta parte de Los Angeles no se conocía por el nombre Highland Park sino por el nombre Garvanza. Buscando un sitio en donde vivir el señor Lummis se encontró en una arboleda de sicómoros y alisos, donde construyó su linda casa de piedras, cerca del arroyo seco y rocoso durante el periodo de doce años desde 1898 hasta 1910.

El casa fue construido con la intención a complementar el clima y las culturas nativas del suroeste. Indígenos, pueblo, misión, y artesano, influencias se encuentra por todo la casa. El terreno ha sido desarrollado a un jardín de uso inteligente del agua usando plantas nativas y mediterráneo mostrando a la gente del sur de California que un jardín puede ser rico y verde con menos de un mitad del agua de un jardín normal.

Charles Lummis no era hombre rico. Siempre buscaba manera (método) de usar una cosa vieja de un modo nuevo. El techo de su casa es un ejemplo. El techo se sostiene con poste usados consquidos del ferrocarril Santa Fe.

Charles Lummis le encantaba sacar fotos, especialmente de sus viajes. En su casa hay unos de Mexico, del suroeste de Los Estados Unidos y de Bolivia y Peru. Charles Lummis le gustaba concocer lugares distintas y ver cosas nuevas. En sus viajes compró muchas cosas de interés con el proposito de traerlas a su casa.

El amor de Charles Lummis por el oeste empujó a la fundación del museo suroeste, the Southwest Museum, el museo de la gente indígena del suroeste de Los Estados Unidos, que se encuentra en la calle Marmion Way. No solomente eligió el sitio y ayudo reunir fundos par constuirlo, sino dono su colección notable de artefactos indígenos. Y no es que solo se pueden ver cosas de la gente sino que se puede oir a la gente. Charles Lummis usó cilindros de cera para grabar las canciónes de la gente indígina en el lenguaje indígino.





## HERITAGE SQUARE

Heritage Square's mission is to collect, preserve, and interpret the architecture, physical environment, and cultural diversity of Southern California from 1850 to 1950.

Our principal goals are to promote and ensure the preservation of local heritage, history, and architecture for the communities of Los Angeles to learn from and cherish for generations to come.

We achieve these objectives through several means:
by providing quality educational and enriching programs to our public; by being a leader in historic preservation in the Los Angeles community; and by providing a safe haven for the rich architectural heritage that exists in the City and County of Los Angeles.

3800 Homer Street

Los Angeles CA
(323) 225-2700

Hours: Monday to Friday,
from 9 a.m. to 4:30 p.m.



#### Taco Truck

In front of a taco truck parked on a street, dim lit, a woman in a stained apron

and blue stretch shirt sweeps the sidewalk down to the dirt

pushes her hair back and blows a long breath, looks at the bright letters

Of a the block long mall across the street, neon Soup Bowls and Pool Cues, she wipes

her hands on her apron, carries the broom inside The truck, the sky is hard

tonight she watches the coffee drip into the pot, puts cinnamon in it,

the lit letters turn off, become birds

—Steve Abee (from King Planet)



Sunday, June 4, 2006

he Arroyo Seco (dry stream) is a stream and watershed in LA County. The watershed begins near Mount Wilson in the Angeles National Forest of the San Gabriel Mountains above Altadena. As it enters the urbanized area of the watershed, the Arroyo Seco stream flows through La Cañada–Flintridge on the west, Pasadena, South Pasadena, Highland Park and Los Angeles before emptying into the Los Angeles River near Elysian Park. This is where Charles Fletcher Lummis settled after walking to LA from Chilicothe, Ohio in 1884-85. The following is a timeline of both the Arroyo Seco area and Lummis' life. (Available on the Arroyo Seco Foundation website, www.arroyoseco.org.)

- 1500 Tongva occupied LA basin & the islands of Santa Catalina, San Nicholas, San Clemente & Santa Barbara. An estimated 300-500 live in what is now LA County
- 1542 Cabrillo encounters LA basin; Tongva ancestors row Ti'ats (plank canoes) out to meet Cabrillo off what is now San Pedro
- 1763 Jose de Galvez appointed Viceroy General
- 1768 Gaspar de Portola appointed governor of CA & Fr. Junipero Serra, leader of missionary activities
- 1769 Portola & Serra reach what is now LA. As CA's first governor, Portola named the basin's river *Nuestra Señora de Los Angeles de Porciuncula*
- 1769 Gaspar de Portola party is first European group through LA's future site
- 1770 Gaspar de Portola explores Arroyo Seco
- 1771 San Gabriel Mission founded by Father Junipero Serra
- 1775 Felipe de Neve appointed governor of Baja & Alta CA
- 1776 San Gabriel Mission moved to its current location

- 1777 Felipe de Neve, first governor of Alta CA, selects site for the founding of LA naming it *El Pueblo de la Reina de LA*
- 1781 Pueblo of LA is officially established; forty-four settlers recruited in Sinaloa, Sonora & Culiacan; the *pobladores* were of African, Indian & Spanish descent.
- 1784 The rancho period begins in LA area; Governor Pedro Fages grants first three land concessions, ranchos San Pedro, San Rafael & Los Nietos
- 1784 Jose Maria Verdugo granted 36,403 acres, named *Rancho San Raphael*, includes much of Northeast LA
- 1786 Jose Vanegas, an Indian, was appointed LA's first *alcade* (mayor)
- 1790 The first census of the *pueblo* (village) of LA; population 141 (139)
- 1793 Francisco Reyes, of African, Indian, & Spanish ancestry & thus representative of Alta CA's multi-cultural population, served the Pueblo of LA as *alcalde*
- 1800 Pueblo of LA population is 315

continued on next page



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JOYFULLY EMBRACES THE POETIC AND MUSICAL SPIRIT

OF LUMMIS DAY AND

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NORTHEAST LOS ANGELES

IN THEIR CONTINUING DEVELOPMENT

OF NEIGHBORHOOD PRESERVATION PROGRAMS

TOWARD MUTUAL UNDERSTANDING AND CULTURAL APPRECIATION

continued from page 12

1805 The first American, Capt. John Sahler, visits the Pueblo of LA

1810 Pueblo of LA population is 354

1812 The first elected *ayuntamiento* (common council) of LA takes office

1820 Pueblo of LA population is 650

1830 Pueblo of LA population is 770, excluding Indians

1831 "The Battle of LA" was a struggle for greater control over regional affairs

1834-36 Formal secularization of the missions

1835 Mexican Congress elevates LA to the status from *pueblo* to *ciudad* (town)

1836 First official census records population of 2,228 in LA & its environs

1845 Pio Pico elected Governor of CA; LA becomes the new capital

1846-48 Mexican-American War

The Treaty of Cahuenga signed by Lieutenant-Colonel John C. Fremont & General Andrés Pico on the kitchen table of Tomás Feliz's six-room adobe house at *Campo de Cahuenga* in what is now North Hollywood

1847 First American alcalde (mayor) appointed in LA

1850 CA is divided into twenty-seven counties. LA County is established, consisting initially of 4,340 square miles

1850 City of LA incorporated

1850 The first federal census records LA population of 3,530

1850s Garvanza, part of *Rancho San Rafael*, was first town founded in Northeast I A

1851 Nine-tenths of the population was Spanish-speaking, either *Californios* or Sonoran newcomers

1859 Charles Lummis born, Lynn MA

1869 Alfred B. Chapman & Andrew Glassell purchase 32,500 acres from *Rancho San Rafael*, becomes Glassell Park

1880s Small settlement along the Arroyo Seco River, the Old Monterey Trail eventually became a route of the Santa Fe Railroad

1880 Population of LA is 11,183

1881 LA Times publishes its first issue

1883 Historical Society of Southern CA founded; focuses on the written history of Southern CA

1884 Lummis newspaper editor, Chillocothe OH

1884 Historical Society begins publishing a scholarly journal

1884 Part of Rancho becomes Highland Park

1884/5 LA & San Gabriel Valley Railroad built through the area

1884-85 Lummis leaves his home in Chillocothe OH & walks to LA

1885/6 The railway connecting LA to Pasadena is completed by LA & San Gabriel Valley Railroad

1885-88 Lummis is hired by General Otis as first city editor of *LA Times* 

1886 Pasadena is incorporated as a city

continued on page 16



The Arroyo Seco Neighborhood Council along with its member communities of

Hermon
Montecito Heights
Monterey Hills
Mt. Washington
Sycamore Grove

wish the best to all those involved in the production of

## Lummis Day The Festival of Northeast Los Angeles

May this be the first of many successful years of this annual festival.



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For more information about the Old L.A. Certified Farmers Market or to vend call 323-255-5030 or fax 323-257-1036 or website: oldla.org Old L.A. Farmers Market is operated by the North Figueroa Association a 501(c)3 in the community of Highland Park. The proceeds from the Farmers Market will fund community projects.







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## 45th Assembly District Gabriel

## BUELNA

### The Democrats' CHOICE

#### Gabriel's lifetime of public service includes:

- Earning a Ph.D. in the School of Politics and Economics, Claremont Graduate University
- Earning a Master of Social Work, SDSU
- Serving as executive director of Proyecto Pastoral at Dolores Mission
- Serving as a faculty member at California State University, Northridge
- An appointment to the Los Angeles Human Relations Commission
- An appointment to the Los Angeles Gang Task Force
- Serving as a children's social worker, L.A. Dept. of Children and Family Services
- Organizing for Proposition K, the L.A. for Kids Program
- · Board Member, Boyle Heights Learning Collaborative

## A long-standing district resident personally invested in strengthening our community through:

- Supporting a Quiet Zone along Valley Blvd.
- Neighborhood protection, including safe passage zones for school children
- Accessible, safe, and affordable public transportation
- Higher graduation rates for local high schools
- Quality services for Seniors
- · Youth programs to eliminate gangs and graffiti
- · Affordable housing
- · Better paying jobs
- · Local landmarks and museum preservation
- Parks and open space availability
- . Proud member of the Mt. Washington PTA
- Endorsed by National Association of Social Workers California Chapter NASW

## Proven Leadership that works for our families through TRUST, EXPERIENCE, and COMMUNITY SUPPORT

Devoted FAMILY MAN-Married to Pilar for 13 years, three daughters: Gabriela, 7, Gema, 5, Paulina 3.



#### **Gabriel Buelna for Assembly**

5902 Monterey Road, #112 Los Angeles, CA 90042 gbuelna@sbcglobal.net www.gabriel2006.com



Gabriel and daughters at Los Angeles Dodgers game

On June 6, 2006 VOTE for GABRIEL BUELNA "A Democrat We Can Count On"

Always "The People's Champion"

continued from page 13

1886 Ralph and Edward Rogers purchased the land that is now located along York Boulevard and subdivided the town site of *Garvanzo*, later changing to Garvanza

1886 Garvanza Villa Hotel opened on the corner of South Avenue63 and York Boulevard attracting winter tourists, many of whom purchased home lots and stayed

1888 Campbell-Johnston Block (also known as the San Rafael Block) was built at the Avenue 64 and York Blvd

1888 Garvanza Methodist Church built

1888-91 Lummis lives in NM, recovering from paralysis

1889 Church of the Angels built

1889 Glassells build The Ranch House

1890 Population of LA is more than 50,000

1890 LA Terminal Railway built through the area

1890's Garvanza Improvement Association formed

1890s\* Lummis forms the Arroyo Seco Foundation to preserve & protect the Arroyo Seco

1892-93 Lummis expedition to Peru with Bandelier

1893-1905 Lummis is editor of his magazine *Land of Sunshine* (later *Out West*)

1893 William Lees Judson founds the LA College of Fine Arts along the banks of the Arroyo Seco

1893 William Lees Judson establishes his studio on S Ave 66

1894 Lummis founds the Landmarks Club for preservation of Spanish missions

1895 Margaret Collier Graham is first literary lady of the foothills

1895 Highland Park requests annexation to LA

1895 Electric trolley system built

1895 Highland Park is annexed to LA

1898 Occidental College moves to Highland Park

1898-1910 Lummis builds *El Alisal* (place of the Sycamores), a stone house, next to the Arroyo Seco, mostly with his own hands at Montecito Heights

1899 Garvanza annexes to LA

1900 Less than 15% of LA's population is of Mexican origin, even though the Mexican origin population doubled since 1890

1900s Outdoor-lovers build about 180 cabins in the mountains of the Arroyo Seco & its side canyons like Fern Canyon & Brown Canyon

1901 College of Fine Arts joins University of Southern CA & erects a building designed by Judson. The school & its founder attracts many artists & becomes known as the bohemian arts colony of the Arroyo Seco

1902 Lummis founds Sequoia League for better treatment of the reservation Indians

1902 Camp Meeting in Sycamore Grove, church delegation wades across Arroyo Seco upstream to look at land to build a seminary—12 acres of school land & 100 adjacent city lots which they could sell to raise money to build their school

1903 Lummis founds Southwest Society

continued on page 16

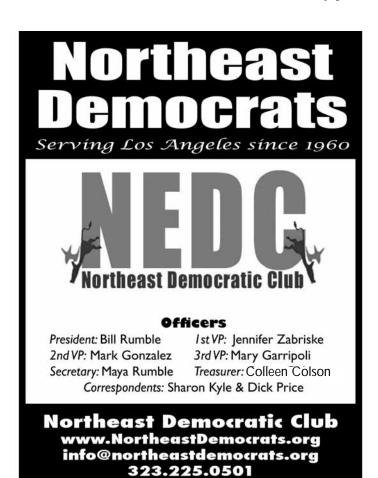


www.arroyoartscollective.org



Mt. Washington Preschool & Child Care Centers. Inc. Ina Jorge Executive Director ejorge@lacasitaverde.org

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continued from page 16

1904 Garvanza Audubon Society founded

1904 LA Railway extends Yellow Car system up through Highland Park

1904 Seminary (grades 1-12) opens with 70 students; 50 homes, Free Methodist Church & a public school, the American School, had been built

1905 Part of the Sycamore Grove Park purchased by LA

1905-10 Lummis is city librarian

1906\* Highland Park residents form the Arroyo Seco Park Association

1906\* Adolphus Busch begins to transform Arroyo Seco banks in southern Pasadena into a botanical garden

1906 LA Railway further extends down through York Valley

1906 School built near the top of the Mt Washington hill

1907 One of the first subdivisions in Glassell Park called the Torthorwald Tract, is begun between Verdugo and San Fernando Roads

1907 Remainder 15-acre site for Sycamore Grove Park donated by ER Brainerd

1908 Mt. Washington Inn built

1909-19 LA & Mt. Washington Incline Railway runs up to "the old hotel" (now the Self-Realization Fellowship property)

1911 Lummis expedition to Guatemala & subsequent blindness

1911 Lummis expedition to NM

1911 Lummis founds Southwest Museum

1911-14 Southwest Museum built

1911\* J. B. Lippincott, LA Parks Commissioner, lays out vision & plan for parkways in LA, including the Arroyo Seco

1911 Seminary adds first junior college in CA

1912 Hermon, along with Mt Washington, Cypress Park & El Sereno, joins LA

1915-28 Lummis lives at El Alisal working on writings & songs

1915\* 45 acres of Arroyo land above Devil's Gate are purchased for \$22,297

1917\* Myron Hunt develops an Arroyo Seco plan, which recommends Lower Arroyo be reserved for trails & bridle paths & planted only with native plants

1918 Casa de Adobe built by the Hispanic Society of California

1918/9 Benjamin Franklin High School opens

1920\* Devil's Gate Dam constructed, the first of the County's flood control dams

1922\* Rose Bowl built

1923 At Ebell Club & general public insistence, LA passes ordinance to preserve 60 acres of Arroyo Seco park system

1925 Casa de Adobe donated to the Southwest Museum

1926 Ave 60 Bridge, a six span concrete structure built to replace lower bridge washed out in 1914

1926-27 Lummis visits NM

1928 Lummis dies at El Alisal

continued on page 18



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continued from page 17

- 1930s Evangelist Aimee Semple McPherson buys a Montecito Heights tract of land
- 1930 Monterey Pass walls constructed through to El Sereno; Monterey Rd (once Walnut Hill Rd) completed
- 1934 LA Pacific College (LAPC) inaugurates a four-year college course
- 1934\* Arroyo Seco is lined with rip-rap from below Devil's Gate to Linda Vista Bridge
- 1935-40\* Arroyo Seco Parkway, first urban freeway in the West, is built in Arroyo Seco channel
- 1938\* Busch Gardens is closed as a public attraction
- 1939 Hermon Ave (now Via Marisol) bridge built
- 1939 Pasadena Parkway (Pasadena Freeway) constructed
- 1940s Pasadena Water Department, which bought 1,000 acres in Arroyo Seco upper watershed, forces cabin dwellers to move out due to water quality concerns
- 1947-48\* Flood channel is constructed in Pasadena's Lower Arroyo
- 1972\* Master Plan for Upper Arroyo Seco developed by Gruen Associates
- 1974\* Arroyo Seco Parklands Preservation Law passed by the CA Legislature to prevent freeway encroachment in the Arroyo
- 1977\* Pasadena declares the Lower Arroyo to be a City Cultural Landmark
- 1982\* Lower Arroyo Seco Master Plan is prepared by Takata & Associates for Pasadena
- 1985\* Pasadena Strategic Plan Committee identifies Devil's Gate as promising site for park & open space expansion; Devil's Gate Advisory Committee formed
- 1988\* Master Plan for the Lower Arroyo Seco, by Graduate Program, Dept. of Landscape Architecture, Cal Poly, Pomona, lays out Arroyo Seco restoration vision
- 1990 1st Annual Museums of the Arroyo (MOTA) Day celebrates a diverse mix of art, architecture & history of the Arroyo Seco area. MOTA Day features five unique history-based museums that preserve & perpetuate early LA life: Gamble House, Heritage Square Museum, Lummis Home & Garden, Pasadena Museum of History & Southwest Museum of the American Indian
- 1991\* Arroyo Seco AIDS Memorial Grove is dedicated in Pasadena's Lower Arroyo
- 1991\* Devil's Gate Multi-Use Project (DGMUP) Joint Powers Planning Authority (JPPA) is formed, consisting of Pasadena, La Cañada–Flintridge & the Santa Monica Mountains Conservancy
- 1992\* DGMUP JPPA prepares Preliminary Park Plan for Hahamongna Watershed Park; Pasadena City Council approves the plan; JPPA sunsets
- 1994\* Hahamongna Operating Company established to plan & develop Hahamongna Watershed Park
- 1997\* LA County completes rehabilitation of Devil's Gate Dam
- 2000 Ground is rebroken on the stalled Pasadena Gold Line
- 2002\* Arroyo Seco Parkway designated a federal scenic byway, only the second in CA
- 2003 Gold Line to Pasadena is completed with Northeast LA stations at Lincoln Hts/Cypress Park, Heritage Square/Arroyo, Southwest Museum, Highland Park
- 2003\* Pasadena City Council approves the Arroyo Seco Master Plan including Hahamongna Watershed Park, the Central Arroyo & the Lower Arroyo Seco in Pasadena.
- 2005\* Pasadena purchases 29 acres from the Metropolitan Water District to add to Hahamongna Watershed Park
- 2006 16th Annual MOTA Day
- 2006 1st Annual Lummis Day—The Festival of Northeast LA celebrates the multicultural spirit and rich history of the Northeast LA neighborhoods including musical, visual, culinary, and literary artists of LA

\*From the Arroyo Planning Timeline compiled by Tim Brick, Managing Director, Arroyo Seco Foundation



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Join us August 19th as we relive one of Lummis' Summer Noises at the Charles F. Lummis Home in Highland Park with wine, food and a silent auction!

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### **Speeding Down**

BY SUZANNE LUMMIS

Pacific Coast Highway past Zuma Beach nudes, past Neptune's Net's catch of crabs, surfers, and sweet white corn. I race to follow a cloud escaped from valley smog. In mid-afternoon Santa Ana winds whip against my white Mazda. I drive, until a bank cover of crimson Bougainvillea blurs into breathlessness, into a seascape of surf, sparkling deep cyan waters and chaparral creeping into the ocean floating, past 76 balls on a tank almost empty.

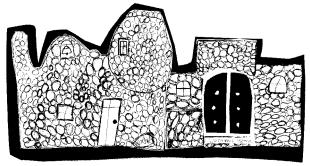


Illustration of Lummis Home by Xochitl Duran

Photo by Robert Montoya. © Historical Society of Southern California.



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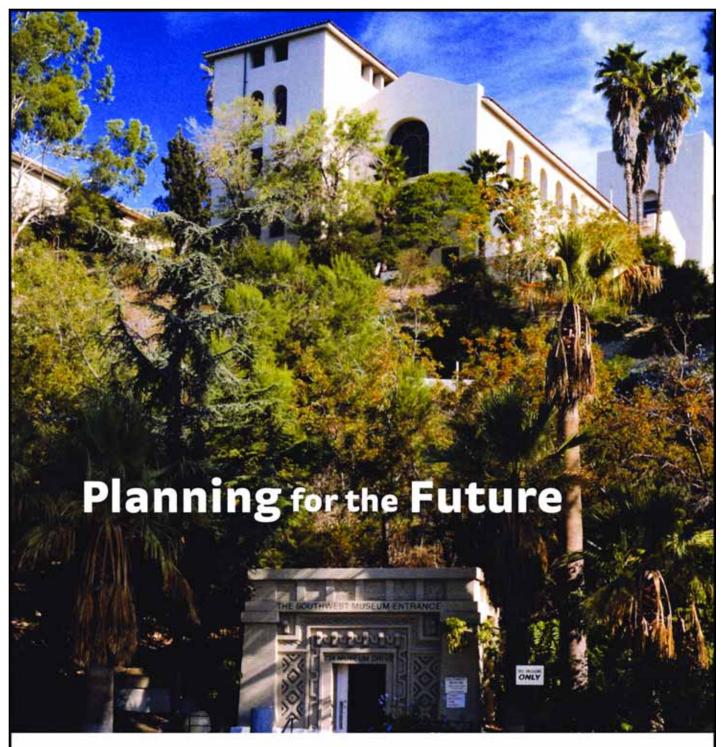






## Metro

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The Autry National Center is preserving and stabilizing the Southwest Museum and its magnificent holdings for the benefit of present and future generations.

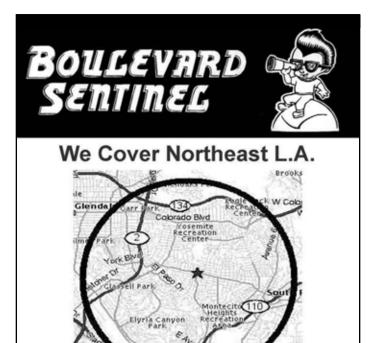
As part of this process, new facilities will be built in Griffith Park to store and display the collections.

The historic Southwest Museum building will become an expanded cultural center with exhibitions, programming, and educational activities, fulfilling Charles Lummis's vision that all cultures need to be understood, respected, and appreciated. Be a part of our future.



Southwest Museum of the American Indian 234 Museum Drive, Los Angeles, CA 90065 - 323.221.2164 - autrynationalcenter.org

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## **Lincoln Heights Neighborhood Council**

## **General Meetings:**

1st and 3rd Thursday of the month at 6:00 p.m.

## **Meeting Location:**

ABRAHAM LINCOLN HIGH SCHOOL (Cafeteria or Auditorium) 3501 N. Broadway, Los Angeles, CA 90031-2856 For information, call (323) 224-3549

## DE LEON FOR ASSEMBLY

P.O. Box 861715 Los Angeles, CA 90086 phone 213.455.3141 fax 213.992.3286 www.deleon2006.com

June 4, 2006

Dear Family and Friends:

It is an honor to be here today with you in celebration of the First Annual "Lummis Day". This day marks the awareness, culture and rich history of the Northeast Los Angeles neighborhoods.



The participation from the surrounding Northeast Neighborhood Councils and Associations, Los Angeles City Council President Eric Garcetti, Councilmembers Ed Reyes and Jose Huizar truly demonstrates how important community involvement and participation can be.



Charles Lummis has left a great legacy to the residents and now it is time to celebrate and continue to give back not only to people like Mr. Lummis, but to the residents and the community of the Northeast area.

As your Candidate for the 45th California Assembly District, I congratulate and celebrate with you the First Annual "Lummis Day"!!

Sincerely,

Kevin de León

P.S. Don't forget to vote on June 6th!

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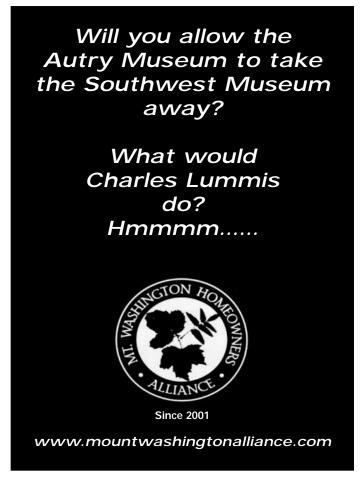
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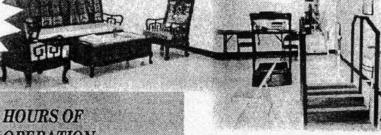
Saluting Lummis
Day for celebrating
the cultural and
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Sunday, June 4, 2006

## VERLASTING



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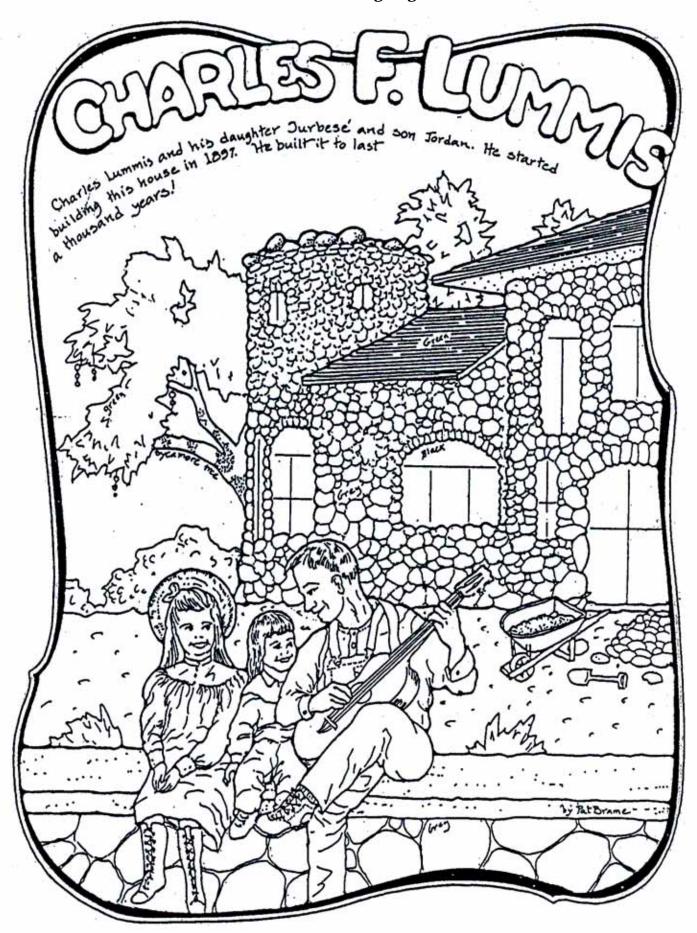
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Birchbark Book poem circa 1880s a pre-"Tramp" Lummis poem

opening stanzas from: Under Her Feet

Alone on the meadow's brink I roam, and watch its billows of restless green Whose crests are capped with daisy foam while butter cup bubbles float between.

Amid their waving Her form I see coming across the mossy stile; And all the blossoms with tiptoe glee turn up their faces to meet her smile.

Birchbark Book 2006 (est. pub. date July)

Editor, Suzanne Lummis

Designer and printer, Nicole Possert

Evangeline Ganadin

**Sponsors:** Arroyo Seco Neighborhood Council, Glassell Park Neighborhood Council, Historic Highland Park Neighborhood Council, Lincoln Heights Neighborhood Council, North Figueroa Association.

**Media Sponsors**: KPFK 90.7 Radio, *L.A. Alternative* weekly newspaper, *California Examiner, Boulevard Sentinel, Arroyo Seco Journal.* 

Supporting Organizations: Arroyo Arts Collective, Arroyo Seco Foundation, Autry National Center, Heritage Square Museum, Highland Park Heritage Trust, Historical Society of Southern California, the L.A. Poetry Festival, Metropolitan Transportation Authority, Mount Washington Association, Mount Washington Homeowners Alliance, Northeast Democratic Club, Occidental College.

Organizing Committee: Carmelo Alvarez, John Arroyo, Laurie Arroyo, David Brunk, Erik Cervantes, Jeff Chapman, Michelle Clark, Rose Cortez, Britta Couris, Mike Crowell, Maggie Darrett, Xavier Estrada, Karl Fenske, Carmela Gomes, Pat Griffith, Pam Hannah, Heather Hoggan, Kelli Keenan, Heinrich Keifer, Amy Inouye, Misty Iwatsu, Michelle Lewis, Brian Malman, Evelyn Ortiz-Winchester, Nicole Possert, Eddie Rivera, Scott Rubel, Eliot Sekuler, Jain Sekuler, Maria Sepulveda, Tanya Sepulveda, Brian Sheridan, Monty Sutherlin, Yim Tam, RuthAnne Tarletz, Ann Walnum.

The Festival organizers gratefully acknowledge the support of Los Angeles City Council District 1, Los Angeles City Council District 14, the Department of Recreation and Parks and the assistance of Heritage Square Museum in fundraising for this event.

**Event Producers:** Jeff Chapman, Britta Couris, Carmela Gomes, Eddie Rivera, Eliot Sekuler, Jain Sekuler, RuthAnne Tarletz, Ann Walnum.

Art Direction and Design: Future Studio Los Angeles

Program editors: RuthAnne Tarletz, Suzanne Lummis

Stage Manager: Michael Crowell

Sound: Xavier Estrada

Educational Program Design: Carmela Gomes

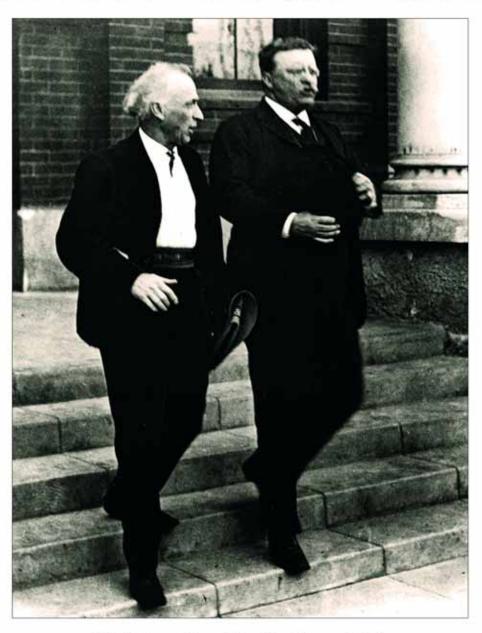
**Arts and Literacy Tent Provided by FLASC:** Family Literacy Advocates of Southern California.

Thanks to Starbuck's for coffee at the Lummis Home event and to Antigua Cultural Coffee House for coffee at the fundraiser.

Special Thanks to CD 1's Albina Ferreyra, CD 14's Amy Yeager, Heritage Square's Brian Sheridan, Dept. of Rec and Parks' Monty Sutherlin, MTA's Fran Curbello, KPFK's Sue Welch, *L.A. Alternative*'s Evan George, Ruby de Vera, *California Examiner*'s Awee Abayari and Oscar Jornacion and *Boulevard Sentinel*'s Tom Topping. And finally, the committee wishes to express its deepest gratitude to artist Amy Inouye, whose work and creativity made this Festival possible.

## Occidental College

A proud member of the Northeast Los Angeles community since 1887



Charles Lummis and Theodore Roosevelt visit Occidental's old Highland Park campus, March 25, 1911.